Marvin Colgan Gaske Robert Edwin Genter Herman Mills Giesen Ralph James Gilbert Leo Glenn, Jr. Frederick Francis Gorschboth Robert Patterson Gould James Harris Grady Fred Brown Graham Donald Robert Griesmer Edward Shuldon Guthrie, Jr. David William Hall Frank Charles Halstead John Francis Hanaway Robert Chester Harding Harry George Hartman LeRoy Kenneth Heidbreder John David Hemenway Richard Chester Higgins, Jr. Max Lloyd Hill, Jr. Joseph Patrick Hillock, Jr. Raymond Helttula Howard James Charles Hunt, Jr. Francis Robert Hunter, Jr. Calvin William Hurd James Benson Irwin Thomas LeRoy Jackson Carl Charles Jaffurs David Russell James Albert William Johnson Boyd Walker Johnson Robert Burns Kalisch Donald Jerome Kay Jack Ish Kendrick Kermit Alexander Kirby Cecil Edward Langmack Jerome LaPides Robert Vernon Larson James Arthur Latham William Henry Lawton, Jr. John Hirst Lederle Mark Eliot Lemelman Raymond Harry Lessig William Duexsaint LeStourgeon Robert Brierley Loughead, Jr. Edward Miller Lyden Paul Leslie Maier Louis Gene Marlow John Floyd Martin Paul Brice Martin Keith Wayne Matson John Francis McCaffrey James Edward McCormick Charles Evans McDonough James Eugene McGarrah John Ferries McGrew Robert Henderson McIntosh Charles Joe Meadow John Nicholas Mehelas Robert Louis Meinhold Freddie Dan Meredith Bernard Stanley Morgan, Jr. Tipton Pryor Mott-Smith Joseph John Mularz David Michael Mullaney James Barber Murphy Daniel Crawford Murray Robert Walker Muth Stanford Nall David Fenton Neely William Boyd Nelson Donald Alfred Nicksay John Walter Niven Charles Wolfgang Nyquist Charles Clark O'Brien Basil Anthony Ortolivo Philip Miller Pahl Robert Dixon Painter William Joseph Pardee James Wheeler Parmelee Erwin Crockett Peake James Dargan Perky Benjamin Francis Price Kenneth Elmer Pruden Rudolph Walter Pysz Lawrence Radkowsky Jack Lloyd Ramey Raun Jay Rasmussen Richard Harold Rasmussen Robert John Rehwaldt Raymond Walter Reig

Donald Anthony Richitt Raymond Arthur Robbins Louis Aubrey Roberts, Jr. Robert Martin Roberts William Gordon Rollins Theodore Chapman Rook Robert Walker Roy Anthony Durk Rynties Kenneth James Schlagheck John Preston Schuler Leonard Warren Seagren Louis Walker Sessions Thomas Llewellyn Sheets Thomas Webster Sherman, Jr. Stewart Mitchell Singer John George Skidmore Paul Amos Smith, Jr. William Morris Smith, Jr. Frank Alan Stelzer Perry Lee Stephens William Griffith Stephenson III Walter Clarence Stevens, Jr. David Twogood Stockman William Rex Thomas, Jr. Anthony Stearns Thorne Frederick James Trost Willard Martin Truesdell Edward Wingfield Verner Charles Matthew Waespy Richard Ambrose Walsh III Clifford Lloyd Ward William Alexander Weaver Oscar Werner Weber Donald Elliott Westbrook James Eugene White Carr Choate Whitener William Alonzo Williams, Jr. William Boyd Wilson

IN THE NAVY

The nominations of David E. Allison et al., for appointment in the Navy, which were confirmed today, were received by the Senate on April 3, 1951, and appear in full in the Senate proceedings of the Congressional Record for that date, under the caption "Nominations," beginning with the name of David E, Allison, which is shown on page 3195, and ending with the name of Ruth Williams, which is shown on page 3198.

The nominations of Henry H. Adams, Jr., et. al., for appointment in the Navy, which were confirmed today, were received by the Senate on April 17, 1951, and appear in full in the Senate proceedings of the Congressional Record for that date, under the caption "Nominations," beginning with the name of Henry H. Adams, Jr., which is shown on page 3985, and ending with the name of Harriett E. Tompkins, which is shown on page 3986.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

MONDAY, APRIL 30, 1951

The House met at 12 o'clock noon.
The Chaplain, Rev. Bernard Braskamp, D. D., offered the following prayer:

Eternal God, our Father, who art always mindful of our needs, we rejoice that in our days of confusion and perplexity Thou art our guide and counselor; in our periods of trial and tribulation Thou art our refuge and strength; and in our times of loneliness and sorrow Thou art companion and comforter.

We pray that these assurances and the abundance of our blessings may never fill us with a sense of independence and self-complacency or make us supercilious and selfishly indifferent to the desperate struggles of others.

Inspire us with an eager longing to relieve the burdens of all mankind and to dedicate ourselves more earnestly to the glorious task of laying the foundation for a better world.

We thank thee for the Christian life and character of Thy servant who labored here so conscientiously and devotedly in obedience to the demands and responsibilities of his high vocation. Grant unto the broken and sorrowing hearts of the members of his bereaved family the healing touch of Thy divine love and the consolation of Thy grace. Through Jesus Christ our Lord. Amen.

The Journal of the proceedings of Thursday, April 26, 1951, was read and approved.

MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE

A message from the Senate, by Mr. Woodruff, its enrolling clerk, announced that the Senate insists upon its amendments to the bill (H. R. 3336) entitled "An act to suspend certain import taxes on copper," disagreed to by the House; agrees to the conference asked by the House on the disagreeing votes of the two Houses thereon, and appoints Mr. George, Mr. Connally, Mr. Byrd, Mr. Millikin, and Mr. Taft to be the conferees on the part of the Senate.

HOUR OF MEETING TOMORROW

Mr. McCORMACK. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent that when the House adjourns today it adjourn to meet tomorrow morning at 11 o'clock.

The SPEAKER. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Massachusetts?

There was no objection.

CONSENT AND PRIVATE CALENDARS

Mr. McCORMACK. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent that it be in order tomorrow to call both the Consent and Private Calendars.

The SPEAKER. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Massachusetts?

There was no objection.

CALENDAR WEDNESDAY BUSINESS

Mr. McCORMACK. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent that the business in order on Calendar Wednesday of this week be dispensed with.

The SPEAKER. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Massachusetts?

There was no objection.

THE LATE FRANK BUCHANAN

The SPEAKER. The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Pennsylvania [Mr. EBERHARTER].

Mr. EBERHARTER. Mr. Speaker, this is personal. A real man, a real friend, a true servant of democracy, a Representative in the Congress of the United States, passed away on Friday.

You all knew him as a fellow Congressman, Frank Buchanan. I knew him as Frank. His name alone was a tribute to his life and to my enjoyment of his friendship that has been tested through the years.

I must break today a silence of love, for no man tells another through days of association that he loves his friend. Unfortunately, the death of a man breaks that silence, when all the words in the world are lost in a void, the void of death and the void of loss. We, who remain after our friends depart, call upon memory to acclaim. My memories of Frank Buchanan are as fresh as yesterday's rain.

When such a personal loss occurs, the effect is a lament. But as the hours pass, a narcotic of memory, pleasant and soul-satisfying, disposes the personal hurt and produces a pride for the friendship and the knowing of a friend. Then there is a peace and a joy that follows that would be envied by the world's greatest philosopher.

However, Mr. Speaker, it is not my intent to trespass upon the time of the House by speaking of my personal feelings, for what I want to do and say here in this presence is a tribute to a fellow Member, and again, once again, my

friend.

Mr. Speaker, this is fact.

One dies for his country despite battlefields.

One dies for his country as a Congressman. No glory to men who serve by voice.

Your pardon, Mr. Speaker, for injecting another personal tone. But my friend, Mr. Buchanan, who lived in the tradition of America, whose life, cut short by an intense desire to serve honorably and unselfishly in a position as servant to our people of the United States, loaded his heart and mind with responsibilities that ultimately caused his retirement to the world beyond. It is not necessary to tell you, Mr. Speaker, that a sacrifice of this sort is an occurrence among us. There are no words in defense of capabilities, extended as they are by the Members of the Congress. The words of a eulogy never repay the sacrifice of Members and their families for the loss of time and comfort and even the presence of the loved one. Occasions such as this make one realize how truly the word "servant" befits us. As the bell tolls the years of our ages, there will always be men like Buck Buchanan who listen not-all in the interests of the people.

Mr. GRAHAM. Mr Speaker, will the

gentleman yield?

Mr. EBERHARTER. I yield.

Mr. GRAHAM. Mr. Speaker, today we mourn the passing of our dear friend, Frank Buchanan, and we are not only reminded of the brevity of life, but we come to a true realization of the work and character of this fine, clean, outstanding man. Coming out of the city of McKeesport, Pa., where it has been aptly said men make iron and steel for a living, there was something ingrained in this man's nature of strength and durability. He was a fine, consistent, conscientious man; a man of high ideals, who believed in his country and in his fellow man, and had the courage to stand and defend those convictions.

Well educated, a graduate of the University of Pittsburgh and of Columbia University, he gave his early life to teaching the young manhood and young womanhood of his community. As he moved on he became mayor of that great city and he exemplified the highest attributes of civic administration and of

a conscientious real duty. Then he came here to serve for nearly 6 years. This country is all the better for Frank Buchanan having lived, and to have devoted himself to public service.

I remember distinctly the strong stand he took on the matter of public housing and the like; and, while we did not see eye to eye on many political questions, I knew that deep in his heart was that conscientious realization that he must do something for his community. He did that to the best of his ability.

So today, as we mourn his departure, we all learn how inadequate and futile are words to convey our inmost feelings, but I am sure every Member of this House realizes today that he has lost a fine friend and that this country has been deprived of the services of a real man all too early in life.

Mr. WALTER. Mr. Speaker, will the

gentleman yield?

Mr. EBERHARTER. I yield to the distinguished gentleman from Pennsylvania.

Mr. WALTER. Mr. Speaker, the passing of Frank Buchanan, our distinguished colleague from Pennsylvania, was, I know, a profound shock to all of us. To me, it is a matter of deep personal grief. He was my friend.

That this diligent and conscientious worker in our ranks should be stricken down in the prime of his career is, perhaps, a sign of the pressures under which we all labor here in these critical times.

Mr. Buchanan was relatively young man, yet already he had served his community, his State, and his country. His record of public service as a high-school teacher, as the mayor of McKeesport, Pa., and as a Member of the Congress had marked him as one for whom the future held great possibilities of leadership in the field of statecraft.

Perhaps his greatest contribution to the legislative annals of our day was made as chairman of the Select Committee on Lobbying Activities. He was the author of the resolution creating that committee and pursued the investigation with vigor, determination, and yet with fairness. Respecting the constitutional right of all citizens to petition their Government, Mr. Buchanan, at the same time, zealously favored the publication of financial reports by all organized groups seeking to influence legislation.

Despite the burdens of this special undertaking, he continued to carry on with his usual energy and industry his duties as a member of the Committee on Banking and Currency, the District of Columbia Committee, and the Joint Committee on the Economic Report.

His special field of interest lay in economics and political science as attested, not only by his committee service here but by his record as a student and teacher. He was graduated from the University of Pittsburgh in 1925 with the degree of bachelor of science and pursued postgraduate studies at Columbia University.

In McKeesport high schools he taught civics and political science, and in private industry for a time was employed as an economic consultant. After a 4-year term as mayor of his native city, Mr. Buchanan was elected to the Seventy-ninth Congress to fill the vacancy created by the resignation of Representative Samuel A. Weiss, who became a judge.

Mr. Buchanan served the people of the Thirty-third District of Pennsylvania well and faithfully and was rewarded by reelection successively to the Eightieth, Eighty-first, and Eighty-second Congresses.

Always a loyal party member, Frank Buchanan, however, did not permit partisanship to take precedence over the interests of his country. He was a devoted patriot. His support of the Democratic Party sprang from his deep and sincere convictions that its principles best serve the Nation.

Our heartfelt sympathy goes out to the family of Frank Buchanan, his wife, and his lovely twin daughters, in whom

he took such pride.

The members of the Pennsylvania delegation have lost a genuine friend, the people of his district have lost a true servant, and the Nation has lost a fine legislator.

We will all miss him greatly.

Mr. EBERHARTER. Mr. Speaker, I yield to the gentleman from Massachusetts [Mr. McCormack].

Mr. McCORMACK. Mr. Speaker, a poet once said:

Not a soul beneath the sun But what is precious unto one.

Our late friend, Frank Buchanan, was precious unto countless of thousands of persons. His contributions in this House to the welfare of our people were numerous. It is not my purpose to refer to them on this occasion, but his contributions have now become a part of the history of this great body.

During his living and dynamic prayer this morning the Chaplain among other things referred to our "dedicating our-selves to the building of a finer world," and as he uttered these words the immediate response in my mind was, how true they are in their application to the life of our late friend and colleague, Frank Buchanan. His whole life was dedicated to the building of a finer world by helping the individuals who came in contact with him, and then in the building of character as the teacher; his contribution as a public servant locally, in his State and then on the national level by and through his service in this great body.

Truly can it be said that Frank Buchanan symbolized to the noblest extent humanly possible the character and the individual who during his lifetime made every marked contribution in the building of a finer world. I know of no more splendid compliment that can be paid to anyone than by those who knew him, saying that his life was one that contributed toward the building of a finer world.

I join with the delegation from Pennsylvania in their sorrow, because their ranks have lost a great man and a great American. I extend my sympathy to the people of the congressional district that Frank Buchanan represented so zealously and ably during his period of

service in this body. I have lost a personal friend. I particularly extend to Mrs. Buchanan and her two daughters the profound sympathy of Mrs. McCormack and myself in their bereavement.

Mr. SPENCE. Mr. Speaker, will the gentleman yield?

Mr. EBERHARTER. I yield to the

gentleman from Kentucky.

Mr. SPENCE. Mr. Speaker, I have heard with profound regret of the death of our distinguished colleague, Frank

BUCHANAN.

He was an able, industrious and conscientious Member of Congress. He had a high concept of duty and of fealty to the people he represented. He willingly accepted every opportunity to render public service, however great the obligation incurred. He was chairman of the House Committee on Lobbying Activities in the Eighty-first Congress and a member of the Joint Committee on the Economic Report. He was a hard-working member of the Banking and Currency Committee, and his loss on that committee will be keenly felt. He was a man of sound judgment who kept his feet upon the ground and who was always free from emotionalism and hysteria.

The passing of Frank Buchanan brings sorrow not only to the people of the district he represented and where he had been so greatly honored, but also to the Congress where he was held in such high respect and affection. To his devoted wife and daughters I extend my deepest

sympathy.

May the Lord bless him and keep him;
may He let the light of His countenance
shine upon him and gave him peace.

Mr. EBERHARTER. Mr. Speaker, I yield to the gentleman from Pennsylvania [Mr. Denny].

Mr. DENNY. Mr. Speaker, Allegheny County, Pa., will mourn the death of Frank Buchanan. He was a faithful servant of his district and of McKeesport, the city of his birth. He has made a place for himself as a Member of four terms of Congress and he will not be forgotten. He was a man devoted to his work and popular among his associates. His loss will be felt not only in Congress but in western Pennsylvania and our sincere sympathy goes to his bereaved family.

Mr. EBERHARTER. Mr. Speaker, I yield to the gentleman from Pennsylvania [Mr. Kelley].

Mr. KELLEY of Pennsylvania. Mr. Speaker, words are weak on occasions of this kind; they are almost futile when we come to express our feeling on the passing of a beloved Member, and especially a Member who was a very close colleague.

Frank Buchanan was a good friend of mine. We were well acquainted due to the fact that our congressional districts are adjacent. I knew many of the problems that Frank Buchanan had. I realize the great esteem and respect his constituents had for him.

Frank Buchanan had great ability, he was conscientious, sincere, and he was honest. In my opinion, Frank Buchanan was a statesman. And his contributions in the Halls of this Chamber

will long be remembered when our words will long be forgotten.

I express the feeling of my family, as well as my own feeling, because we were well acquainted, and we extend to Mrs. Buchanan and her daughters our very profound sympathy in their bereavement. The few words I have said here are said with a feeling of deep sorrow on the loss of our colleague, a man whose friendship had grown through the years and for whom I had great respect and affection.

Our memory of Frank Buchanan will not soon be forgotten.

Mr. EBERHARTER. Mr. Speaker, I yield to the gentleman from Pennsylvania [Mr. Simpson].

Mr. SIMPSON of Pennsylvania. Mr. Speaker, we have all been deeply shocked to learn of the passing of our colleague from Pennsylvania, Hon. Frank Buchanan, who was taken from us in the prime of his life.

Frank Buchanan was a fellow alumnus of mine of the University of Pittsburgh. He earned the respect of his neighbors in McKeesport, Pa., when they elected him their mayor in which office he served from 1942 to 1946. When a vacancy in the House of Representatives occurred, he was elected to fill this position at a special election on May 21, 1946. He was consistently reelected to this office for each succeeding Congress.

His ability was recognized by his colleagues here in the House where he served on the Banking and Currency and District of Columbia Committees, and as chairman of the Select Committee To Investigate Lobbying Activities.

Speaking for myself and for the Pennsylvania Republican delegation from Pennsylvania, I extend our deepest sympathy to the family of our late colleague. In the terrible sorrow of this moment, they can know that their loved one, Frank Buchanan, served well his country and the people of his congressional district.

Mr. EBERHARTER. Mr. Speaker, I yield to the gentleman from New York [Mr. Celler].

Mr. CELLER. Mr. Speaker, we do, indeed, mourn the loss of Frank Buchanan. God placed His finger upon him, and he sleeps. We, in this life, worry and fret and struggle as to what happened yesterday, what may happen today, and what the morrow may bring forth. That is not the case now with Frank. He does not worry or struggle, because as we know death, death keeps no calendar.

Frank's achievements were many. I need not dilate upon them. They are easily demonstrable and well known. We do know particularly that he was soft spoken, that he was kind, that he was gentle and wise, and withal intensely human. I know of nobody who was more human than was Frank. We were always struck with his keen sense of justice. He knew, indeed, I am sure, and agreed with the wise man who said that "Justice is the bread of the nation because all the people hunger for it," and Frank saw to it by ways of justice to answer that hunger. We were also struck with his courage. I believe it was

Daniel Webster who, in this very Chamber many years ago, said "one man with courage is a majority," and Frank with his courage was a majority. We can very well say that his chair was a throne because it held a king. We are all the better because he has dwelled among us, because he leaves a good name. We might well say to his wife and dear ones that he does leave that cherished good name, and, as the psalmist says, "Better is the fragrance of a good name than the perfume of precious oils."

Mr. EBERHARTER. Mr. Speaker, I yield to the gentleman from Pennsylvania [Mr. Dague].

Mr. DAGUE. Mr. Speaker, it is with a sense of deep personal loss that I have had the word of the untimely passing of our esteemed colleague, the Honorable Frank Buchanan, and I want to be recorded with those who will mourn his departure as that of an outstanding public servant as well as a warm personal friend.

To me the finest tradition of public service is that we do not have to agree with a fellow-worker in matters of policy to appreciate his sincerity, his splendid character, and his zeal for truth and honor. Certainly anyone who knew Frank Buchanan could not help but attest to his possession of these attributes to a high degree and thereby see in his death the removal from the national scene of one who lived in complete dedication to the requirements of his high office.

The futility of mere words is never so evident as when we try to comfort those who are left to mourn the passing of a loved one. Let us rather commend to the bereaved a continuing faith in the assurance that an all-wise Providence who separates us from those we love on this earthly scene will surely reunite us again in that fairer land where there is no more hurt and sorrow but only lasting peace.

Mr. EBERHARTER. Mr. Speaker, I yield to the gentleman from Texas [Mr. RAYBURN], the Speaker of the House.

Mr. RAYBURN. Mr. Speaker, Frank Buchanan was a fine, noble man. He really served his day and generation—the world is richer for his having lived—to his devoted family my deepest sympathy goes out.

Mr. EBERHARTER. Mr. Speaker, I yield to the gentleman from Pennsylvania [Mr. Lind].

Mr. LIND. Mr. Speaker, one of my warmest friends, a Member of this House, has passed away. The death of Frank Buchanan, who represented the Thirtythird District of Pennsylvania, has saddened his many friends here. Frank was active in many phases of civic activity and represented with great ability his district in the House of Representatives.

Frank Buchanan was a good husband, a devoted father, and a warm and loyal friend. He has left to his fine family the heritage of a good name and the achievements of a career upon which the people of his district and the State of Pennsylvania can look with pride.

His home town, McKeesport, the State of Pennsylvania, and the Nation have lost in the death of Frank Buchanan a great statesman and a loyal American.

May his loving wife and his fine daughters be consoled by the fact that FRANK BUCHANAN'S life was dedicated to serving his fellow men.

His sincerity of purpose and greatness of character has enriched the lives of all of us who were touched by his fine influence.

To the members of his family, I extend my deepest sympathy in their great sorsow and bereavement. A truly great and a truly good man has passed to his final award.

Mr. EBERHARTER. Mr. Speaker, I yield to the gentleman from Texas [Mr. PATMANI.

Mr. PATMAN. Mr. Speaker, I was shocked to learn of the untimely death of Congressman Frank Buchanan, of Pennsylvania. It was my privilege to serve with him on both the Banking and Currency Committee and the Joint Committee on the Economic Report. He was an honest, able, sincere person. He always kept the public interest in mind and was one of the greatest public servants I ever knew. He was admired and respected by his colleagues for his courage, ability, and desire to make this country a better place in which to live. His passing is a great personal loss, as well as a great loss to the country.

Mr. EBERHARTER. Mr. Speaker, I yield to the gentleman from New York [Mr. KILBURN].

Mr. KILBURN. Mr. Speaker, FRANK Buchanan was a good friend of mine, We served on the Banking and Currency Committee together for several years and we differed many times on votes and issues. Even so, we were particular friends. I knew I could talk with him about anything and get a straight, honest answer. I enjoyed his company and enjoyed our association. He was a fine American and one of the nicest colleagues that I have ever known. Many times he talked with me about his family and his lovely twin daughters. I know how wrapped up he was in his home life. His passing has been a great blow to me and I know to all of his colleagues. His family can be proud of his memory as we are.

Mr. EBERHARTER. Mr. Speaker, I yield to the gentleman from Pennsylvania [Mr. Morgan].

Mr. MORGAN. Mr. Speaker, I was shocked and grieved over the death of my close personal friend, FRANK BU-CHANAN. I knew him over a period of years and it has been my pleasure to work with him during his service as a Member of the House of Representatives. Since he was elected to Congress in 1946. he has worked untiringly and indefatigably for the people he represented. He was capable and ambitious. Being from adjoining districts we had many of the same problems and I valued his opinions. His sudden and untimely death, in the prime of life, is a personal loss and I will miss him as will his host of friends, his community and the State of Pennsylvania. He was a kind and

devoted husband and father and although words cannot ease the grief now suffered by them, I extend to Mrs. Buchanan and his family my profound sympathy and understanding at their great loss and bereavement.

Mr. EBERHARTER. Mr. Speaker, I yield to the gentleman from Tennessee

[Mr. PRIEST].

Mr. PRIEST. Mr. Speaker, it is with a heavy heart that I rise to pay tribute to the memory of the gentleman from Pennsylvania, Frank Buchanan.

Not many days ago he was here among us; a vital force, an influence for good, an indefatigable worker. Today he is gone

From the beginning of his service in the Seventy-ninth Congress, FRANK BU-CHANAN impressed all of his colleagues with his devotion to duty, his sincerity, and his ability. With the years, as he was returned to this body by the people of his district, our respect for him continued to grow.

FRANK BUCHANAN was an ideal legislator because his whole life interest, even before his election to the Congress, lay in public affairs, in economics, in political science.

In college and in postgraduate work, his studies were along these lines and in public service, in his home community as mayor of McKeesport, and on a national scale, here in Washington, he gave practical application to them.

It was typical of the unselfish spirit and the industriousness of this man that he accepted, additional to his regular duties, tasks which made great demands upon his time and his energies. As chairman of the Select Committee on Lobbying Activities in the Eightyfirst Congress he worked hard and many extra hours to perform a conscientious and not too pleasant job.

As a member of the Banking and Currency Committee he was painstaking in the study of details of the highly important legislation that came before them.

With all of these heavy responsibilities, Frank Buchanan still continued faithfully to serve the needs of his constituents.

He lived close by the Capitol to be near his work, yet at every opportunity spent time with his fine family.

I am sure all the Members of this House join me in extending condolences to Mrs. Buchanan and her daughters in this hour of grief.

A devoted husband and father, an earnest, energetic, and faithful public servant, Frank Buchanan has gone to answer the last roll call.

Mr. EBERHARTER. Mr. Speaker, I yield to the gentleman from North Carolina [Mr. DEANE].

Mr. DEANE. Mr. Speaker, there is inscribed above your honored chair these words from Daniel Webster:

Let us develop the resources of our land, call forth its powers, build up its institutions, promote all its great interests, and see whether we also in our day and generation may not perform something worthy to be remembered.

Mr. Speaker, in Frank Buchanan we have a true picture of those lines that I have just spoken.

Our beloved chairman of the Committee on Banking and Currency spoke about Frank's faithful service to that committee. For three and a half years it has been my good fortune to sit side by side with Frank during the long and tedious hearings facing that committee. As our chairman so well stated, I do not know of any individual who was more faithful, who was more alert, who was more anxious to get properly before the committee those facts necessary to develop the important legislation that has come from that committee.

My words are very feeble but they are very sincere when I say that Frank was held in high esteem not only by his colleagues on our side but by those on the other side of the table. mourn his passing, and I direct to his loved ones my very sincere sympathy.

Mr. EBERHARTER. Mr. Speaker, I yield to the gentleman from Pennsylvania [Mr. RHODES].

Mr. RHODES. Mr. Speaker, it is with a heavy heart that I humbly rise to pay tribute and to say farewell to a friend and colleague, Frank Buchanan, of Pennsylvania.

Only last Thursday, the day before his death, I reported on this floor after contact with a member of his family that his condition was good after the operation the previous day. He died last Friday after a turn for the worse.

Frank Buchanan will be missed by all Members of this House. He had a charming personality and a deep sense of fairness and justice. He will be missed by the liberal Members because of his practical idealism, his ability, and his courage.

Frank was not the glib orator or actor who would appeal to emotions. Never would he sink to the level of a demagogue to ride the wave of hysteria. He was too much of a man for that. He would not sacrifice principle and honor to win the plaudits of the powerful and selfish who dominate the major avenues of public information. He was the teacher type. His appeal was always one of reason. His appeal was to fairness and to intelligence. He will be remembered because of the great service he rendered as chairman of the House Committee to Investigate Lobbying Activities. He worked hard and diligently as head of that committee. Someday when the average American learns the whole truth about what this committee uncovered, the name of Frank Buchanan will win far greater respect and far more recognition than it has won today. I feel sure that the hard work he performed contributed to his early death. It had an adverse effect upon the health of this mild-mannered, earnest, and sincere man.

In his death the people of this country have lost a real champion. He was a type of person with high moral character and integrity so greatly needed in American public life today. He was a real statesman. He was a great humanitarian with a deep sense of honor and human decency. He did not openly boast of his great patriotism or deep Christian princip'es, but he practiced them in his everyday life and in his

activities as a Member of the House of Representatives. He lighted a torch when he exposed some of the evil and subversive practices which threaten our democratic way of life. He left a challenge to us to carry on. I hope this Congress will do so. I hope it will complete the work which Frank Buchanan so nobly advanced. If this Congress will not act some future Congress will when reason, common sense, and justice emerges from the confusion which the forces of blindness, selfishness, and greed have so successfully spread. His great sacrifice will not be in vain. Time and history will bring honor to FRANK BU-CHANAN as it always does to men of such sterling character when truth finally triumphs over deception. He will be remembered for his faith and loyalty to the cause of liberalism and true Americanism.

Little that is said here today will bring comfort to his wife and daughters to whom, in closing, I express my deep feeling of sympathy for the loss of a loving husband and father.

Mr. EBERHARTER. Mr. Speaker, I yield to the gentleman from California [Mr. DOYLE].

Mr. DOYLE. Mr. Speaker, I was one of the members of the Select Committee To Investigate Lobbying Activities during the last session. I had the great privilege of sitting under the chairmanship of Hon. Frank Buchanan therefor, for that lengthy assignment. I shall always consider that as one of the high privileges of my life. He was a fine gentleman.

I think perhaps it may be appropriate for me to mention just two or three incidents of my intimate committee work with FRANK BUCHANAN. I think they illustrate the real character that he had. I always felt refreshed after being in his presence. I always felt I had met a gentleman who was trying to continue to be a gentleman. I always felt that I was glad to sit with him socially because he always had a contribution to make that was worth while. I want to say as a Member of the House that as our colleague Frank has passed on from our midst, a thing about him I realized the most from my daily contact with him, so intimate for many months, was that he was outstandingly conscientious on his job, and it was a challenging job. I had occasion to go to California during the recess of sessions of the committee, and I left word with him as chairman something like this-I said, "If you need my authorization to carry through on something that the rest of the committee want to carry through, why, go ahead and use I knew that I would be on the move and that he could not reach me on the phone very conveniently. Twice during the few weeks I was in California he called me long distance. He reached me one morning very, very early, before I left my home in California, at 5 a. m., because it was 3 hours earlier here. He wanted to make sure that I knew what the committee was proposing to do on a certain report. He wished to make sure that I, as a member of the committee, had the opportunity and responsibility of

also having a voice in the committee report, regardless of the authority I had extended him.

On another occasion, I said to the chairman: "Frank, I would be pleased to receive the printer's first proof of that report. About what time could I have it tomorrow do you suppose?"

He said, "Clyde, I will be here at my office before 8 o'clock tomorrow morning. Your office is just around the hall. If you want to send over, I will have a copy here at my office at 8 o'clock. I will be here." He was there. He was there too often too early during that very heavy chairmanship of the Select Lobby Committee.

I then discovered that his habit was to get to work about the time most of us were thinking of awakening in the morning

Frank has passed on ahead of us, not because he tried to spare himself in performing his duty but because he was unsparing of himself in performing his duty. He recognized his moral as well as his legal duty; he did this beyond the call of duty.

Another time, I remember during the committee hearings, the question was under consideration as to whom we should ask the House to cite for contempt of our committee proceedings. Being a lawyer myself and knowing that Frank was not a lawyer, I was greatly inspired by the fact that he was asking us to make sure that in our decision no injustice nor unfairness was being done to any man. This was typical of him. He was anxious to see to it that no man should suffer or be harmed a bit. He had no conscious desire to be unjust or unfair.

I wish to pass this on to you Members. I am sure you will agree with me that Frank was a living example of a desire to be fair, just, kind, helpful. I think it is incumbent upon us as his surviving colleagues to be more fair than ever before; to be more kind and helpful to people because we had a living example of a man in Frank Buchanan.

One more incident: I was a member of the majority members on Select Lobby Committee. I am sure that we on the majority, and the minority also, were very conscious of the fair and square manner in which he presided at those hearings. I had a sense of being able to rely on the fact that Frank had prepared the work of the committee in such a thorough way that we, as members of the committee, could be conscious of the fact that the committee was presided over by him, with a dominant desire on his part to see to it that the minority members could also always have equal opportunity to present their views and have their time for questioning witnesses on the committee.

On one occasion Frank came to me deliberately just before the committee began and he said, "Clyde, I know that Brown of the committee has important questions to ask the witnesses today. Let us see that he and Mr. Halleck get all the time they need." This was just like him.

I had the pleasure of sitting with FRANK BUCHANAN the last day he sat in this House. It was the day General MacArthur spoke to the joint meeting recently. He deliberately came and sat down next to me. His first question was, "Clyde how are you getting on with the Un-American Activities Committee job?" I told him it was a challenging but important job, much like the Lobby Committee. I thought then that it was quite startling that a man should get up out of a hospital bed and come to that joint meeting of the House and Senate, a really sick man, and then his first question to me was about a problem of Congress.

While Frank never boasted about his patriotism or his desire to protect our form of government, it was just a part of him to be concerned chiefly with the welfare of the people of our great Nation. He was richly imbued with a patriotic zeal to so serve his Nation as to protect it against false doctrines and selfish people and pressures.

I will never forget, JOHN McCORMACK, and you probably do not forget either, this incident at the joint meeting: You will remember that just that day a jury here in Washington had found one of the men whom we had asked be cited for contempt, Dr. Rumely, by a unanimous verdict, guilty on all three counts of contempt of Congress. John McCormack, just before General MacArthur spoke. leaned over to Frank Buchanan, who was sitting next to me that day, and said to Frank something like this: "I think that jury verdict, Frank, ought to make you feel mighty happy, because it is a compliment to the fine work you as chairman and your Select Committee on Lobbying did."

Then Frank Buchanan said to me: "Clyde, John McCormack never forgets to say a good word for a Member of our House, regardless of which party he belongs to, does he?"

I express my humble but very sincere words of sympathy to his loyal and bereaved wife, and to his daughters. He was brave and they naturally will be in his memory. I am sure we members of the Select Committee and the staff will never forget that after the work was over Frank, on his own, saw to it that the many volunteer members who helped us brief and coordinate our work, because we had many volunteer workers, and we did not have money enough to do all we intended to, had a very sincere dinner. But it was just like him, out of appreciation for very valuable volunteer work well done, to give these volunteer workers and the staff a bouquet of flowers while they could smell them.

Mr. Speaker, some sage has wisely said that the evil that men do lives after them, but the good is often interred with their bones. But the good that Frank lived in his daily life will not be interred with his bones. The amount of good he did was so great and its sincerity and unselfishness so pure that the good he started on its way through life will live for a very, very long time. Regardless of what religious faith we may have; regardless of the details with which we think through the matter of death and

the life hereafter; regardless of whether we believe in a life hereafter or not, the fact is that the greatest tribute we can give to what Frank Buchanan was and did each day amongst us would be to make our own lives habitually a little more sincere and our attitude toward public service a little more unselfish and generous and with a greater abundance of real service to others our daily watchword and practice. In a very large sense Frank's courtesy, kindness, encouragement and appreciation expressed to me in his lifetime I believe will make me a very much better Congressman.

Now, in closing I wish to relate another incident on the occasion of Frank's last sitting on this floor. He leaned over to me and put his right hand on my left hand and said:

Clyde, thanks for sending me that letter to the hospital. It was better than a large dose of aspirin.

And so I thought that because I have, in these extemporaneous, humble remarks, two or three incidents of my association with Frank Buchanan, I would share with you the text herewith set forth of a letter I sent to him on April 1, 1951. It was this letter to which Frank referred:

APRIL 1, 1951.

Hon. Frank Buchanan,

Bethesda Naval Hospital,

Bethesda, Md.

MY DEAR FRANK: I have been missing you hereabouts. Just now I called your office and found that the reason for your smiling face not appearing on the floor and elsewhere during the last couple of weeks—was because you were out there in Bethesda resting up a bit. Good luck to you. You are a prince of a gentleman.

If there is anything in the world I can do for you, let me know; tell your secretaries to let me know. Either my staff or I will be glad to help them.

Cordially yours,

CLYDE DOYLE, Member of Congress.

Mr. EBERHARTER. Mr. Speaker, I yield to the gentleman from Florida [Mr. Sikes].

Mr. SIKES. Mr. Speaker, I subscribe in great earnestness to all that has been said here today about Frank Buchanan and his value as a good American, a good Congressman, a good friend, a good husband and father.

There are times when sorrow is genuine and regret is sincere; this is one of those times. We know now how much we need Frank Buchanan and men like him, and how much we shall miss him.

Mr. EBERHARTER. Mr. Speaker, I yield to the gentleman from Oklahoma [Mr. Albert].

Mr. ALBERT. Mr. Speaker, like all other Members of this body, I was greatly shocked and deeply grieved on learning of the death of my friend, Frank Buchanan. I met Frank when I first came to the Congress. I learned to love him. When the Select Committee on Lobbying Activities was organized I had the honor of serving under his leadership. I then learned to admire him as I have admired few men in my lifetime. I have never known a man who had more consistency of purpose, more devotion to duty or a greater capacity for hard work than

Frank Buchanan. I know his lovely wife and lovely daughters and I extend to them my deepest sympathy in this hour of their bereavement. This country has lost a fine public servant: I have lost a fine friend.

Mr. EBERHARTER. Mr. Speaker, I yield to the gentleman from Pennsylvania [Mr. Kearns].

Mr. KEARNS. Mr. Speaker, I know the Nation today grieves over the loss of a capable legislator. Frank Buchanan was a great man because he was a great humanitarian.

I happened to have known Frank Buchanan many years before he came to Congress. He was a school teacher and we had served on education panels many times that were evaluating educational programs in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania. I learned to admire him then and I have always highly respected him since he became a Member of Congress

I was deeply shocked last Friday night in Pennsylvania when I learned of his death. It was quite a coincidence because early that morning I had been in a little grocery store buying some groceries. The clerk asked: "Do you ever see my friend Frank Buchanan down there in Washington?" I said, "Oh, yes; quite often. He is sick." He said, "Is that so?" He further said: "I had Frank Buchanan in school. He taught me. He was a good teacher and a good friend." He said, "I want to tell you something, Congressman, the reason Frank Buchanan was mayor of the city and then later United States Congressman was because the boys and girls thought there was no one like Frank BUCHANAN."

So as I humbly stand in the well of the House today paying my last tribute to a great teacher and a good Congressman I, like all of the students who graduated under Frank Buchanan, realize how sorrowfully we mourn his passing.

Mr. EBERHARTER. Mr. Speaker, I yield to the gentleman from Louisiana [Mr. Boggs].

Mr. BOGGS of Louisiana. Mr. Speaker, I first came to know Frank Buchanan intimately when I served with him on the Joint Committee on Housing. went over the country together and while FRANK BUCHANAN had definite strong convictions after due study and deliberation about the type of legislation that committee should recommend. he was always eminently fair in his consideration of witnesses and others who desired to be heard before the committee. As a matter of fact, we worked oftentimes late at night because Frank was insistent that everyone who desired to be heard be given that opportunity.

I think that fairly characterizes his service in this body and to the people of America. He desired at all times to hear all sides of a question, and having reached a decision, he was square and firm in his convictions regardless of what the consequences might be to him personally or politically. He was devoted to his country, to his colleagues here in Congress, to his fine wife, and lovely daughters.

Mr. Speaker, I believe that as long as our Nation is able to produce men of the character of Frank Buchanan and the people are able to elect and send men of the type of his convictions to the Congress, our Republic and its future is assured.

Mr. EBERHARTER. Mr. Speaker, I yield to the gentleman from North Carolina [Mr. Hamilton C. Jones].

Mr. HAMILTON C. JONES. Speaker, I rise to make a few remarks concerning my good friend FRANK This is my third term in BUCHANAN. Congress and I unhesitatingly say that Frank was one of the finest men I have met in Washington. In character he was very strong, but kind and thoughtful. In temperament, he was of that type which is suited for responsibility in the Congress of the United States and for intelligent and consistent decisions. In disposition, he possessed an evenness of temper and fairness to the other man's view which is rarely excelled in public life; in diligence and industry in the discharge of his duties as Congressman. There are very few men who during their service ever worked harder at their job than Frank. This was shown in the masterful way in which he tackled the job of heading the Lobby Investigating Committee. And may I mention as a most valuable asset of his character was his love and devotion for his family consisting of his attractive wife and two charming daughters, to which our heartfelt sympathy is extended.

In public service, he rose very rapidly in the opinion not only of the Members of Congress, but of the people of the Nation. It was quite unusual for a Member of Congress to have attained the prominence and influence and general all around ability acquired by Frank Buchaman since his entrance into Congress in the latter part of the Seventy-ninth Congress.

A splendid future lay ahead of him and it is most disappointing and very sad that his career should have been cut short, at a time when he was so rapidly developing as a great leader in the proceedings of Congress, and especially of those appertaining to his important Committee on Banking and Currency.

Mr. EBERHARTER. Mr. Speaker, I yield to the gentleman from Michigan [Mr. Rabaut].

Mr. RABAUT. Mr. Speaker, so many of Frank Buchanan's colleagues have told us of his devotion, of his splendid character, and of the far-reaching effects of his life, that I am going to approach the subject today in a different manner. I was thinking of the thoughts that must come to the Speaker as he daily presides over this body of men of whom he is so proud and in whom he is so tremendously interested, as he has told us on many occasions. It must strike him from time to time, as he looks over this group, to wonder which one will the Angel of Death take next from our midst. How many of you would ever have thought, just a few weeks ago, that the strong Frank Buchanan, in the prime of his manhood, with all of his ability, with his apparent fine health and strength would be the next to leave this body? How many of you hear the call and remember the phrase, "I will come like a thief in the night"? We remember the eternal reward of the good thief hanging on Calvary for a word of sympathy for the dying Christ. "This day thou shalt be with Me in Paradise," was the divine answer to a humble act of charity. When we compare that life with the life of our colleague, closed now, and think of his devotion to the little people of the country, that we heard ever and ever in his remarks on this floor, what a welcome he must have had at his Father's home.

For the spending of one's self for another is the most perfect type of charity, and that was the life of Frank Buchanan.

For us, it might be well to remember those words of the song that once it was my privilege to sing in this room:

Father, be near when my feet are slipping o'er the brink,

For it may be I am nearer home, nearer now than I think.

Mr. EBERHARTER. Mr. Speaker, I yield to the gentleman from Arizona [Mr. Murdock].

Mr. MURDOCK. Mr. Speaker, I remember distinctly the first day I saw Frank Buchanan in this Chamber. For some reason, something said concerning Daniel Webster came to my mind. The story is told that when Daniel Webster one day walked along a street, perhaps in this city, passing some workmen, the workmen instinctively turned and looked after him, and one of them remarked, "Surely no man can be as great as he looks."

That saying came to mind when I first saw Frank Buchanan in this Chamber. I said to myself, "Can he be as distinguished as he looks?" Although still a young man, he wore that crown of gray hair with honor and a look of distinction.

I was not favored in knowing him so intimately as some who have preceded me today, not being on any committee with him nor working intimately with him, but I watched his conduct here on the floor. He never rose to speak at his desk nor did he take the well of this House without having something worth while to say, and he said it in a forceful and distinguished way.

I was impressed with what his colleague from his home town in Pennsylvania said a moment ago, and it comes pretty close to me. He said that just a few days ago he talked with one of Frank Buchanan's former students. "He was a great teacher," the former student said.

If I on leaving these halls can have my former students say of me that I kept the trust, the faith that they had in me, as this former student of Frank Buchanan's said of him. I shall be satisfied

Mr. Speaker, we have lost a great man, and I mourn his untimely passing.

Mr. EBERHARTER. Mr. Speaker, I yield to the gentleman from Tennessee [Mr. Sutton].

Mr. SUTTON, Mr. Speaker, it was with a sense of profound shock and sorrow that I heard of the passing of my good friend and colleague, Frank

BUCHANAN. When I came to Washington as a freshman Congressman "Buck," as he was most affectionately known, was one of the first persons I met. One of the most valuable things which I shall cherish from my tenure here in Washington is my association with Buck BUCHANAN. I wish words would permit me to express my feelings in the locs of my personal friend. But as it has been so well said, "Love is something so divine that description would but make it less. It is what you see and what you feel, but cannot express." Mr. Speaker, those are my sentiments at this time. I lost a true and tried personal friend, a Godfearing, God-loving American citizen. I join with my colleagues in extending my deepest sympathy to his family and loved ones.

Mr. EBERHARTER. Mr. Speaker, I yield to the gentleman from Georgia [Mr. Lanham].

Mr. LANHAM. Mr. Speaker, I too was shocked and grieved to learn of the death of our colleague, Frank Buchanan. As a member of the House Select Committee on Lobbying of which Mr. Buchanan was the distinguished chairman, I came to know him as I never would otherwise have known him and knowing him better I came to respect, admire, and love him.

He was a fair and impartial presiding officer and, while not a lawyer himself, he did have the judicial temperament and was able to guide the committee in its consideration of the important problems facing it with fairness, efficiency, and dispatch.

As chairman of the Select Committee on Lobbying it fell to his part to supervise and direct the work of the staff. This involved a vast amount of work on his part and I have no doubt this service of his far beyond the call of duty was one of the things that weakened him so that disease struck him swiftly and fatally. He died a victim of his zeal and determination to acquaint the people of America with the stupendous amounts being spent by big business, by labor, and by other pressure groups seeking to influence legislation. His peculiar contribution to the thinking on this subject was his recognition of and emphasis upon the fact that lobbyists and lobbying tactics are changing and that now the lobbyists are more and more turning to the field of indirect lobbying by which I mean that they are seeking to influence legislation by molding public opinion at the grass roots by propaganda that is often biased and one-sided and slanted so as to seek to identify the welfare of the country with the selfish interests of the particular group or groups they represent. He hammered this home in his questioning of witnesses and in the committee's reports on the result of its

He was deeply hurt by the smear tactics of such cattle as Westbrook Pegler, Dr. Edward A. Rumely, recently convicted of contempt of Congress for his failure to supply information requested by the committee, and William A. Patterson, the Negro Communist. He resented their attacks upon the integrity of

the committee, and I have no doubt but that the misrepresentation and vilification to which he was subjected contributed to his untimely death. But he refused to be frightened or turned from his course by the tactics of his critics. He kept his courageous course to the end and with St. Paul he could well say, "I have fought a good fight, I have finished my course, and I kept the faith."

In Frank Buchanan's passing, the State and the Nation have lost an able and conscientious servant and his family a loving husband and father. My sincerest sympathy goes out to his charming wife and his lovely daughters. They may well be proud of the heritage left them by their husband and father.

Mr. EBERHARTER. Mr. Speaker, I ask the unanimous consent that all Members may extend their remarks at this point, and have five legislative days to extend their remarks in the Record on the life and services of the late Frank Buchanan.

The SPEAKER. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Pennsylvania?

There was no objection.

Mr. BRYSON. Mr. Speaker, along with so many of my colleagues, I desire to pay a humble word of respect to the memory of our late colleague, Frank Buchanan. This distinguished gentleman joined our ranks in a special election, and since we came from different parts of the country, I had no reason to know him intimately until the election of 1948. During the fall of 1948, I was designated by the chairman of our National Democratic Party to speak in several parts of the country. One of many assignments was in Pennsylvania at Mc-Keesport, which in reality is a part of the great industrial city of Pittsburgh. Upon leaving my home in the deep South, I recall how bright and sunny the day was. Later, as we landed in Mc-Keesport, I was impressed with the cloudy, smoky, muggy weather. Congressman Buchanan met me at the airport, and soon we were in his attractive home. Upon meeting his beautiful wife and his intelligent, sweet, twin daughters, the clouds outside soon disappeared.

Spending the evening hours with the Buchanans, I was impressed by the dignity and respect of this ideal home. In this day of increasing disrespect for parental influence and lack of regard for marital bonds, it is inspiring to know of homes like that of the Buchanans.

After a pleasant evening meal, we went along to the political meeting and I was not surprised to observe the high respect in which this hard-working, capable, devoted public servant was held by his fellows. FRANK BUCHANAN, as he was affectionately known by his countless friends, in addition to being capable, was so devoted to his work until he thought little of his health or his personal comforts. In his early days here, he was one of the most impressionable figures among us. His well-developed physique, emphasized by his broad, manly shoulders, with his premature gray hairs, was always distinguishable. Only

in recent months could those of us who were with him daily recognize that all was not well. In spite of his failing health, we were unwilling and unready to believe that his illness would prove fatal. It is hard to realize that one so capable, so devoted, should be called so early to his final reward. Thus it is. however, that oftentimes in life the choicest fruit falls first from the tree. Along this highway of life, this outstanding scholar and statesman had scarcely reached midlife. His burdens were too heavy until in weariness he fell by the wayside into dreamless and eternal sleep.

Only yesterday in a conversation with the distinguished chairman of the Ways and Means Committee, the Honorable Robert Doughton of North Carolina, we observed that age was not the only important factor in life's journey. This fact is now proven since Congressman Buchanan was scarcely half the age of Congressman Doughton, who still enjoys good health and, of course, is one of the outstanding leaders of Congress.

On sad and unexpected occasions like these, words are inadequate. Let us each seek to glean from our experiences with this good and noble man those influences which will make us more dedicated to the high trust we bear.

To his attractive companion in marriage and to his unusually beautiful twin daughters go the prayers and sympathy of each Member of the House.

Mr. HAYS of Arkansas. Mr. Speaker, I wish to subscribe to the sentiments expressed by my colleagues with reference to the outstanding service of our beloved friend Frank Buchanan as a Member of the House. It was my pleasure to be associated with him for several years on the Banking and Currency Committee and I developed the greatest admiration for him as a legislator and public servant. His untimely death brings a sense of great personal sorrow to all of us. Death enables us to see in clearer perspective the standards of service and the ideals exemplified by our departed colleagues. We will remember Frank Bu-CHANAN not only for his devotion to legislative duties but for the traits of character which endeared him to us.

I am reminded of Tennyson's expression with reference to Arthur Hallam, his young friend in whose honor he wrote In Memoriam, for Frank Buchanan possessed those qualities which must have appealed so strongly to the great poet:

I would the great world grew like thee Who grewest not alone in power And knowledge, but by year and hour In reverence and in charity.

We mourn with his family the passing of a truly great American.

Mrs. BOSONE. Mr. Speaker, Friday night when I heard Commentator Frank Edwards announce over the radio the passing of Frank Buchanan, Member of this House, I was shocked. I had realized for quite some time that Congressman Buchanan was not on the floor of the House, and that I had not seen him and that, as a colleague of his, I greatly missed him. It was not until late last

week that I was told he was ill and in the hospital.

I have watched and listened to Congressman Buchanan with great interest. Frank Buchanan had every attribute of a gentleman along with intelligence and courage. He analyzed issues, and had the gift of passing on to his colleagues the result of his analysis. He had understanding, and a sympathy with all of the problems that came to his attention.

Congressman Buchanan made an outstanding contribution to this Government through the Subcommittee on Lobbying, of which he was the chairman. I have heard the hearings referred to as those which should be read by all of the Members and passed on to their constituents. At all times it appears in these hearings that Congressman Buchanan was interested in getting the facts. It may very well be that these hearings will be a living monument to Frank Buchanan.

I wish to share the grief of my colleagues who have expressed themselves on the passing of Congressman Buchanan. I sympathize deeply with Mrs Buchanan and her beautiful daughters at this time.

Mr. ENGLE. Mr. Speaker, there was no finer, kindlier, more conscientious man than our colleague FRANK BUCHANAN. He embodied the legendary qualities of the perfect public servant. He was honest, courageous, and able. But beyond those prerequisites he faced his tasks with a high mindedness, a nobleness of purpose, which goes only with statesmanship. When the chips were down he preferred to be right, than to be popular. In these times of national crisis that should be the test. With demagogs to the right of us, and demagogs to the left of us, the country's greatest need is men who through all the clamor can hear, and who have the courage to heed the clear call of duty. FRANK BUCHANAN was that kind of a Congressman. His passing is a grievous loss to the Nation, as well as to us who are his friends. It is the more tragic that he was taken at the full tide of his strength.

Mr. KLUCZYNSKI. Mr. Speaker, I knew the late Frank Buchanan for a relatively short time but I do not believe that I have ever known a more intelligent, sincere and hard-working man. Frank Buchanan was above all always a great humanitarian. He was a humanitarian because he always fought for the little people, those people who have no powerful organized lobby to represent them here in our Nation's Capitol.

Frank Buchanan's formal education at the University of Pittsburgh and Columbia University gave him a thorough understanding of the scientific aspects of economics and government and thus made him one of the most effective spokesmen for liberalism that this House has ever had. Nevertheless, his progressive ideals found their ultimate source in his own personal experience, for Frank Buchanan was of humble origin and had grown up among the tragic economic and social problems which are the unfortunate product of our great industrial centers.

This House will miss him, and the working man and woman all over this country will miss him. A great soldier in the battle against ignorance, poverty, and selfishness has fallen.

May I in closing extend my profound sympathy to Mrs. Buchanan and her daughters in this their hour of deep sorrow

Mr. KEOGH. Mr. Speaker, I was privileged to have Frank Buchanan as a dear friend. I am experiencing today a genuine feeling of loss and sadness. The sense of bereavement spreads far beyond this Chamber, I know, for Frank Buchanan was a man who made friends easily and often, and kept them.

It was not my lot to serve in committee with our lamented colleague, but I had frequent occasion to discuss with him the business of the House. Invariably, I found him ready to explore every face of a complex problem. He was not given to snap judgments. His constant concern was the public good, and he worked conscientiously to arrive at decisions which his careful reasoning convinced him conformed to the best interests of the people.

Frank Buchanan was a friendly, considerate man, and we who mourn him today will remember him with great affection for these ingratiating qualities. We shall recall, too, that he had great courage and would not deign to compromise with his convictions. It was an intellectual integrity which garnered respect throughout his public careernow ended in midpassage by the Maker's design. This notable gentleman from Pennsylvania never shunned controversy; neither did he court it. When battle lines were drawn, either in committee or on the floor, he was ready to fight for the right, as he saw it, and his own political fate never colored his resolution.

We shall have to continue here without Frank Buchanan, but it will be neither easy nor pleasant. His generous spirit was a balm; his integrity and vigor formed an inspiration. Our heartfelt sympathy goes out today to Mrs. Buchanan and their lovely twin daughters, and to the people of Pennsylvania's Thirty-third District, for whom Frank Buchanan labored so sedulously and well.

Mr. ROONEY. Mr. Speaker, I was stunned by the unexpected passing of our beloved colleague, Hon. Frank Euchanan, of Pennsylvania.

It was my good fortune to know Frank intimately. I had a very sincere regard and warm affection for him, having met him the day he became a Member of this body in the Seventy-ninth Congress as the result of a special election held on May 21, 1946. I soon found that we had many things in common, not only with respect to legislative problems upon which we nearly always agreed but with respect to the social and economic problems which play such a vital part in the lives and welfare of our people in this great country of ours.

He was a real gentleman and always kind and considerate of those with whom he came in contact. I do not ever recall hearing him utter an unkind word on this floor or anywhere else. Such a tribute can be paid to few men. His attractive personality and disposition endeared him to his colleagues on both sides of the aisle.

I shall always remember Frank Bu-CHANAN as an extremely handsome man with a robust physique. He somehow radiated superb health and consequently few of his colleagues could have been aware of the fact that his work here would end so soon.

Perhaps that explains why the news of his passing was such a devastating shock to most of us.

During his tenure in this House, Congressman Buchanan rendered valuable service to his constituents and his coun-As a member of the House Banking and Currency Committee and as chairman of the House Select Committee on Lobbying Activities, he was an able and indefatigable worker and will be greatly missed by his colleagues and his host of friends in the Thirty-third Congressional District of Pennsylvania and elsewhere. He always championed the cause of the little people, and the record of his achievements shall live on.

I prize very highly my warm friendship with him and shall surely miss him, as will his colleagues in the House. I extend heartfelt sympathy to his devoted wife and his lovely twin daughters. The inspiring example of his life is a legacy that they and each of us shall always cherish.

Mr. EBERHARTER. Mr. Speaker, I offer a resolution (H. Res. 213).

The Clerk read the resolution, as fol-

Resolved. That the House has heard with profound sorrow of the death of Hon. FRANK BUCHANAN, a Representative from the State of Pennsylvania.

Resolved, That a committee of 10 Members of the House with such Members of the Senate as may be joined be appointed to attend the funeral.

Resolved. That the Sergeant at Arms of the House be authorized and directed to take such steps as may be necessary for carrying out the provisions of these resolutions and that the necessary expenses in connection therewith be paid out of the contingent fund of the House.

Resolved, That the Clerk communicate these resolutions to the Senate and transmit a copy thereof to the family of the de-

The resolution was agreed to.

The SPEAKER. The Chair appoints as members of the funeral committee the following Members on the part of the House: Mr. Walter, Mr. EBERHARTER, Mr. SIMPSON of Pennsylvania, Mr. Kelley of Pennsylvania, Mr. Corbett, Mr. Fulton, Mr. Morgan, Mr. Van Zandt, Mr. Green, and Mr. DENNY.

ADJOURNMENT

The SPEAKER. The Clerk will report the remainder of the resolutions.

The Clerk read as follows:

Resolved, That as a further mark of respect the House do now adjourn.

The resolution was agreed to.

Accordingly (at 1 o'clock and 12 minutes p. m.), under its previous order, the House adjourned until tomorrow, Tuesday, May 1, 1951, at 11 o'clock a. m.

EXECUTIVE COMMUNICATIONS, ETC.

Under clause 2 of rule XXIV, executive communications were taken from the Speaker's table and referred as follows:

409. A communication from the President of the United States, transmitting the budget for the military functions of the Department of Defense for the fiscal year 1952, containing proposed appropriations amounting to \$57,604,254,390, estimates under proposed legislaton of \$4,500,000,000, and proposed provisions affecting said proposed appropria-tions (H. Doc. No. 120); to the Committee on Appropriations, and ordered to be printed.

410. A letter from the Attorney General, transmitting a letter relative to the case of Cynthia Kirpalani Farr nee Cynthia Dick, file No. A-6053362 CR 28612, requesting that it be withdrawn from those now before the Congress and returned to the jurisdiction of the Department of Justice; to the Committee

on the Judiciary.
411. A letter from the Attorney General, transmitting a copy of an order of the Acting Commissioner of Immigration and Naturalization dated November 16, 1950, authorizing temporary admission into the United States of Displaced Persons, who upon arrival in possession of appropriate immigration visas, are found to be excludable as persons within the classes enumerated in section 1 (2) of the act of October 16, 1918, as amended by section 22 of the Internal Security Act of 1950; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

412. A letter from the Director, Administrative Office of the United States Courts, transmitting statistical tables reflecting the business transacted by the bankruptcy courts and other pertinent data for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1950, pursuant to section 53 of the Bankruptcy Act (11 U. S. C. 81); to the Committee on the Judiciary.

413. A letter from the Acting Assistant Secretary of the Interior, transmitting the Seventh Annual Report of Operations under the Fort Peck Project Act of May 18, 1938, for fiscal year ended June 30, 1950, pursuant to section 8 of the Fort Peck Project Act of May 18, 1938 (52 Stat. 403); to the Committee on Public Works.

REPORTS OF COMMITTEES ON PUBLIC BILLS AND RESOLUTIONS

Under clause 2 of rule XIII, reports of committees were delivered to the Clerk for printing and reference to the proper calendar, as follows:

Mr. THOMAS: Committee on Appropriations. H. R. 3880. A bill making appropriations for the Executive Office and sundry independent executive bureaus, boards, commissions, corporations, agencies, and offices, for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1952, and for other purposes; without amendment (Rept. No. 384). Referred to the Committee of the Whole House on the State of the Union.

Mr. GARMATZ: Joint Committee on the Disposition of Executive Papers. House Report No. 385. Report on the disposition of certain papers of sundry executive departments. Ordered to be printed.

Mr. GARMATZ: Joint Committee on the Disposition of Executive Papers. House Report No. 386. Report on the disposition of certain papers of sundry executive departments. Ordered to be printed.

Mr. REED of Illinois: Committee on the Judiciary. H. R. 3455. A bill to amend section 4202 of title 18, United States Code, relating to parole of Federal prisoners; with amendment (Rept. No. 387). Referred to the Committee of the Whole House on the State of the Union.

PUBLIC BILLS AND RESOLUTIONS

Under clause 3 of rule XXII, public bills and resolutions were introduced and severally referred as follows:

By Mr. THOMAS:

H. R. 3880. A bill making appropriations for the Executive Office and sundry independent executive bureaus, boards, commissions, corporations, agencies, and offices, for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1952, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. BENTSEN (by request): H. R. 3881. A bill to amend section 2 of the Materials Act in order to facilitate the disposal of materials on the public lands; to the Committee on Interior and Insular Affairs.

H. R. 3882. A bill to authorize the Secretary of the Interior to lease withdrawn or reserved public lands in Alaska for dock, wharf, and landing-site purposes; to the Committee on Interior and Insular Affairs.

H. R. 3883. A bill to repeal certain laws relating to timber and stone on the public domain; to the Committee on Interior and Insular Affairs.

By Mr. McDONOUGH:

H. R. 3884. A bill to amend the rules pertaining to the display of the flag of the United States of America from a staff in a church or public auditorium; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Mr. McMILLAN:

H. R. 3885. A bill to establish a department of food services in the public schools of the District of Columbia, and for other purposes; to the Committee on the District of Columbia.

By Mr. MULTER:

H. R. 3886. A bill to increase the salaries of Federal judges and the compensation of Members of Congress, and heads and assistant heads of executive departments and independent agencies, and for other purposes; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Mr. PRIEST:

H. R. 3887. A bill to provide for the con-struction of a Veterans' Administration hospital and for other purposes; to the Committee on Veterans' Affairs.

By Mr. TACKETT:

H. R. 3888. A bill to provide honorable discharges to active military inductees and trainees who entered the military service by virtue of a "military order of induction"; to the Committee on Armed Services.

By Mr. CRUMPACKER:

H. R. 3889. A bill to amend sections 1505 and 3486 of title 18 of the United States Code relating to congressional investigations; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Mr. CURTIS of Nebraska:

H. J. Res. 245. Joint resolution to limit the taxing and spending powers of the Congress; to the Committee on the Judiciary.
By Mr. REECE of Tennessee:

H. J. Res. 246. Joint resolution to establish a National Commission on Security and Peace; to the Committee on Foreign Affairs.

MEMORIALS

Under clause 3 of rule XXII, memorials were presented and referred as follows:

By Mr. DONDERO: Memorial of the State of Michigan, House of Representatives, to enact legislation amending the Federal Income Tax Act with respect to exemptions; to the Committee on Ways and Means.

By Mr. LANTAFF: Memorial of the Legislature of the State of Florida, to petition the Secretary of the Interior of the United States to reconsider and abandon the idea of condemning certain lands owned by the State of Florida or one of its agencies in Citrus County, Fla., to be used as a migratory bird refuge; to the Committee on Merchant Marine and Fisheries.

By the SPEAKER: Memorial of the Legislature of the Territory of Hawaii, memorializing the President and the Congress of the United States to enact legislation providing for a new post office building in the county of Kauai; to the Committee on Public Works.

Also, memorial of the Legislature of the State of Florida, requesting the abolition of certain provisions of the laws of the United States of America invoked by the Social Security Administration as the basis for regulations for withholding information as to the names and other information concerning persons who are recipients of welfare payments; to the Committee on Ways and Means.

Also, memorial of the Legislature of the State of Minnesota, with respect to Federal taxes on gasoline and motor fuel; to the Committee on Ways and Means.

Also, memorial of the Legislature of the State of Minnesota, memorializing the President and the Congress of the United States to oppose any measures to alter the tax status of cooperatives; to the Committee on Ways and Means.

PRIVATE BILLS AND RESOLUTIONS

Under clause 1 of rule XXII, private bills and resolutions were introduced and severally referred as follows:

By Mr. BRAY:

H. R. 3890. A bill for the relief of Hormoz Mahmoud; to the Committee on the Judi-

By Mr. BYRNE of New York:

H. R. 3891. A bill for the relief of Paul D. Banning, Chief Disbursing Officer, Treasury Department, and for other purposes; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Mr. DONDERO:

H.R. 3892. A bill for the relief of Milton C. Towner; to the Committee on the Judi-

By Mr. HAVENNER:

H. R. 3893. A bill for the relief of Eiko Takano; to the Committee on the Judiciary. H. R. 3894. A bill for the relief of Albert M. Goldberg; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Mr. KING: H. R. 3895. A bill for the relief of Ethel Cristeta Berner; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Mr. McDONOUGH:

H. R. 3896. A bill for the relief of Frank A. Wefel; to the Committee on the Judiciary. By Mr. MANSFIELD (by request):

H. R. 3897. A bill to direct the Secretary of the Interior to issue to Yellowstone Metals, Inc., patents in fee to certain lands in Meagher County, Mont.; to the Committee on Interior and Insular Affairs.

By Mr. RAMSAY:

H. R. 3898. A bill for the relief of William E. Gillespie, Jr.; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

PETITIONS, ETC.

Under clause 1 of rule XXII, petitions and papers were laid on the Clerk's desk and referred as follows:

256. By the SPEAKER: Petition of Elmo J. Osborne, manager, Texas Power Reserve Electric Cooperative, Inc., Austin Tex., relative to declaring opposition to the policy of the Administrator of Rural Electrification Administration issued September 21, 1950; to the Committee on Agriculture.

257. Also, petition of Leon K. Sterling, Sr., clerk, office of the city and county clerk, Honolulu, T. H., relative to obtaining grants of Federal funds to the counties of the Territory of Hawaii for antidisaster expenditures; the Committee on Interior and Insular Affairs.

258. Also, petition of Jose Ma. Araneta, secretary, Tagbilaran, Philippine Islands, relative to requesting the release of \$100,-000,000 appropriation for the payment of war damage claims in the Philippines; to the Committee on Appropriations.

SENATE

TUESDAY, MAY 1, 1951

(Legislative day of Tuesday, April 17, 1951)

The Senate met at 12 o'clock meridian, on the expiration of the recess.

The Chaplain, Rev. Frederick Brown Harris, D. D., offered the following praver:

O Thou God of life and light, our glad hearts thrill at the risen glory of the awakening earth robed in the blooming garb of spring. We are grateful for the mystic wonder of this yearly miracle, as nature climbs to a soul in leaf and flower and the earth showeth Thy handiwork. Together we bow in the hush and joy of Thy presence, pausing in the morning tasks to listen for Thy call sounding in our ears. In the stillness, wilt Thou whisper some word of insight within our souls.

Have mercy upon us for our frantic boasts, our foolish words, and our perverse ways. Save us from small and selfish living in so great a day. In the vision splendid of divine fatherhood and of human brotherhood which knows no frontiers, may we dream our dreams, mold our lives, enact our laws, build our Nation and plan our world, until this shadowed earth which is our home rolls out of the darkness into light, and it is daybreak everywhere. Amen.

THE JOURNAL

On request of Mr. McFarland, and by unanimous consent, the reading of the Journal of the proceedings of Monday, April 30, 1951, was dispensed with.

LEAVE OF ABSENCE

On request of Mr. McFarland, and by unanimous consent, Mr. Smith of North Carolina was excused from attendance on sessions of the Senate today and Wednesday.

COMMITTEE MEETINGS DURING SENATE SESSION

Mr. JOHNSTON of South Carolina. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the Committee on Post Office and Civil Service may meet during the session of the Senate this afternoon, to hear testimony on the postal-rate bill.

The PRESIDENT pro tempore. Is there objection?

Mr. WHERRY. Mr. President, I shall not object to the request, because I know how important it is to have such matters attended to. However, I wish to point out that the bill which is now the unfinished business of the Senate has been dragging on, day after day after day, and our work on the bill has been handicapped because there have been so many meetings of various Senate committees. One of the principal reasons why the bill which is the unfinished business has not been finally passed upon by the Senate is the handicap caused by the meeting of so many committees and subcommittees of the Senate during the course of the debate on this piece of proposed legislation.

The PRESIDENT pro tempore. Is there objection to the request of the Sen-

ator from South Carolina?

Mr. McFARLAND. Mr. President, re-serving the right to object, let me say that if I thought the committee meetings were the real reason why more progress has not been made on the bill which is the unfinished business, I would object to the request which has been made. However, I think the real reason has been the speeches which have been made on other matters.

I think we are going to come to the time when objection will have to be made to having committees, with the possible exception of the Appropriations Committee, meet during the sessions of the Senate, if we expect to end the session at any reasonable time this year. I hope we can do so. I concur in what the distinguished minority leader has said; I certainly hope we can make progress on this bill today.

Mr. JOHNSTON of South Carolina. Mr. President, in reply to what has been said, I wish to say that I thoroughly agree with what the Senators have However, inasmuch as at this particular time the committee has before it the Deputy Postmaster General, who has been testifying, I have felt obligated to come to the Senate Chamber and make the request, in order that he might be able to continue his testimony. That was the only reason for making the request.

The PRESIDENT pro tempore. Is there objection to the request of the Senator from South Carolina? The Chair hears none, and it is so ordered.

On request of Mr. RUSSELL, and by unanimous consent, the subcommittee of the Appropriations Committee considering the Treasury and Post Office appropriation bill, was authorized to meet in the hearing room of the Appropriations Committee during the session of the Senate today.

CONFERRING OF POWERS OF STANDING COMMITTEES ON THE COMMITTEE ON FOREIGN RELATIONS AND THE COM-MITTEE ON ARMED SERVICES SIT-TING JOINTLY

Mr. RUSSELL. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that for the purpose of holding joint meetings in accordance with the order of the Senate of April 25, 1951, the Committees on Armed Services and Foreign Relations be constituted a committee of the Senate with all the powers conferred upon standing committees of the Senate.

The PRESIDENT pro tempore. Is there objection to the request of the Senator from Georgia? The Chair hears none, and it is so ordered.

TRANSACTION OF ROUTINE BUSINESS

Mr. McFARLAND. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that Senators be